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Note by the Secretary-General

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* Reports submitted by non-governmental organizations are issued without formal editing.

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1. Family Planning Association of Turkey

(Special; 1999)

PART I. Introduction

i) The aims and purpose of the organization and its main course of action.

Aim of the Family Planning Association of Turkey (FPAT) is to participate in advocacy, training, information and medical activities related to family planning, reproductive and sexual health and women education recognized as the basic human rights and therefore to contribute to the improvement of individual and family health and women status.

PART II. Contribution of the organization to the work of United Nations

I) Participation in the work of the Economic and Social Council and its subsidiary bodies and/or major conferences and other United Nations meetings.

1) The Executive Director and Member Parliament (MP) Member of FPAT participated in the European Population Forum 2004. Experts to Examine European Population Trends and Policies, hosted by the Government of Switzerland and co-organized by the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE) and United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) convened in Geneva, 12-14 January 2004, MP member of FPAT gave a statement in the meeting.

2) The MP member of FPAT participated in the United Nations Beijing +10 Conference Forty-Ninth Session of the Commission of the Status of Women held in New York, United Nations Headquarters, 28. February-11 March 2005.

3) The member of FPAT participated in the United Nations General Assembly High-Level Meeting on HIV/AIDS held in New York, United Nations Headquarters, 2 June 2005.

4) The member of FPAT participated in the United Nations General Assembly twenty-sixth special session: implementation of the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS, 2006 High-Level Meeting on AIDS, Uniting the World against AIDS held in New York, United Nations Headquarters, 31 May-2 June 2006.

II) Cooperation with United Nations bodies and/or specialized agencies in the field and/or at Headquarters.

1) The Executive Director and two MP members participated in the 3rd Inter European Parliamentary Forum on Population and Development (IEPFPD) Council Meeting supported by UNFPA on Resource Mobilization, Creating and Enabling Environment and Overcoming Barriers and Obstacles to the Implementation of ICPD, Lisbon, Portugal, 26-27 May 2003.

2) The Executive Director of FPAT participated in Workshop on Sexual and Bodily Rights Human Rights in the Middle East and North Africa - organized by Women for Women's Human Rights (WWHR) New Ways and Mediterranean Academy of Diplomatic Studies, Malta, 29 May-1 June 2003.

3) In the scope of Sub-Programme Document between the Government of Turkey and the UNFPA, Program Area Population and Development Strategies to assist the Turkish Government in its goal of reaching a population structure that is compatible with balanced and sustainable development and to reduce disparities, an Advisory Council was set up in Ankara and FPAT executive Director was invited to work as a member of the Council for the period of 29 July 2003-January 2004.

4) FPAT took part in the organization of the Fourth IEPFPD Council Meeting: Women in Society, Towards the Tenth Anniversary of the Fourth World Conference on Woman, Ankara, Turkey 1-2 April 2004, UNFPA Deputy Executive Director held the opening speech and the FPAT president gave the welcome speech and member of FPAT gave the Closing Statement.

5) The Executive Director and the MP member of FPAT participated in 2004 International Parliamentarians Conference on the Implementation of the International Conference on Population and Development (ICPD) Programme of Action, Strasbourg, France, 18-19 October 2004.

6) The Executive Director of FPAT participated in the Youth Friendly Sexual and reproductive Health Symposium and gave a presentation, organized on the scope of Reproductive Health Programme of turkey with the technical and financial support of World Health Organization (WHO), European Union (EU), UNFPA, UNICEF in Ankara, Turkey, 1-3 March 2006.

7) The members of FPAT chaired the 9th Congress of the European Society of Contraception (ECS), as Congress President and President of FPAT as resident of Scientific Committee and the FPAT Executive Director as chairperson of the last session, and organized and hosted jointly by FPAT, Turkish Society of Reproductive Health and Contraception, Ankara, Turkey, 3-6 May 2006.

8) The MP member of FPAT participated in the international Parliamentary Conference on the Implementation of the ICPD Programme of Action, Bangkok, Thailand, 21-22 November 2006 organized by the Asian Forum of Parliamentarians on Population and Development (AFPPD) and UNFPA.

III) Initiatives undertaken by the organization in support of Internationally agreed development goals, in particular the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs), which now form the bas's of the global agenda for the 21st century.

i - Activities inline with the Millennium Development Goals

Goal 5. Improve maternal health
Target 6. Reduce by three quarters the maternal mortality ratio
ACTIONS: Provision of general medical care = 230.343

ii - Activities in Support of Global Principals

1) World Human Rights Day, world AIDS Day, International Day for the elimination of Violence Against Women were observed in 2003, 2004, 2005 and 2006.

2) IPPF Sexual and Reproductive Rights Charter was reprinted in Turkish and distributed to health producers, teachers, youth and university libraries.

3) 31 NGO's were gathered to form a group to take their support in lobbying the work of FPAT towards parliamentarians in the Grand National Assembly of Turkey on Maternal and Infant Mortality in 2006.

4) A project was implemented in 8 provinces of Turkey where the maternal mortality is high in collaboration with the parliamentarians of those provinces. 8 permanent multi disciplinary committee was established under the chairmanship of the Governors of there provinces to develop Urgent Action Plans.

5) FPAT established "Mother and Child Health Clinic" in one of the poorest area of Istanbul on October 2005 to provide high quality health services to families.

6) FPAT implemented a two-year project to cover 60.000 students to train on Sexual and Reproductive Health Rights in five provinces of Turkey; Ankara, Istanbul, Izmir, Diyarbakır and Mersin, This project was started on 15 December 2005.

7) A National Mass Media Campaign was launched to continue in 2005 and 2006 on Modern Contraception in collaboration with two private National TV's and two newspapers and 5 women magazines.

2. German Foundation for World Population

(Special; 1999)

PART I. Introduction. DSW aims, purposes and main course of action. DSW is an international development organization, formed in 1991 as a private non-profit foundation. DSW is based in Hannover, Germany, and has country offices in Ethiopia, Kenya, United Republic of Tanzania and

Uganda, plus an European Union (EU) Liaison Office in Brussels, Belgium. DSW is politically and religiously independent, relying on private donations and financial support from other organizations, foundations and agencies to advance its work. DSW's main goal is to help people free themselves from poverty, by helping them avoid unwanted pregnancies and protect themselves from HIV/AIDS. Informing young people about sexuality and contraception is the core of most of our projects in developing countries. Through media, awareness-raising and advocacy work, DSW also informs policymakers in Africa, in Germany and throughout Europe about the connection between population development, poverty and health.

PART II. Contribution to the work of the United Nations. DSW's contribution to the work of the United Nations is too extensive to describe fully here; highlights can be found below. i) Participation in the work of the Economic and Social Council and its subsidiary bodies and or major conferences and other United Nations meetings. (1) 2006 High-Level Meeting on AIDS, Uniting the World against AIDS, 31 May-2 June 2006, United Nations New York: DSW helped recruit four German Members of Parliament (MPs) to be actively involved in this conference. DSW itself was a member of the German government delegation, providing advice and answering government requests and helped compile a German shadow report. (2) United Nations High Level Dialogue on Migration and Development, 14 September, 2006, United Nations New York: DSW helped German MPs write a letter to the German Chancellor and to the Government Commissioners of Human Rights and Integration to highlight female aspects of migration. (3) United Nations Commission on Population and Development (CPD) 37th Session, 22-26 March, 2004, New York: DSW was an official member of the German government delegation. (4) Education Congress and Expo co-organized by the South East Asian Ministries of Education Organization and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) 27-29 May 2004, Bangkok, Thailand: DSW Kenya gave a presentation at a parallel session on HIV/AIDS preventive education. (5) United Nations Commission on Human Rights 60th Session, 15 March-23 April 2004, Geneva: DSW made a statement in support of the report of Paul Hunt (United Nations Human Rights Commission's Special Rapporteur) on the right to health. (6) European Population Forum co-organized by the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE) and United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), at the United Nations' headquarters, 12-14 January 2004, Geneva: DSW presented a background paper on population issues. ii) Cooperation with United Nations bodies and/or specialized agencies in the field and/or at Headquarters. (a) Active promotion and fundraising for UNFPA. Throughout 2003-2006, DSW actively promoted UNFPA, organizing many opportunities for UNFPA's leadership to speak to the German parliament and high-level German government officials. For example: (1) On 18 October 2006, DSW organized a German parliamentary breakfast with Dr. Thoraya Obaid, UNFPA Executive Director. (2) On 6 September 2006, DSW organized a parliamentary breakfast with UNFPA's Cambodia Country Director. (3) On 20 October 2004, DSW helped arrange a presentation of Dr. Obaid with the German Parliament Committee on Economic Cooperation and Development. (4) On 21 October 2004, Dr. Obaid and Dr. Dietrich Garlichs of United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) Germany spoke at the International Dialogue on Population and Sustainable Development organised by DSW in cooperation with GTZ and Schering, in order to the explore link between the International Conference on Population and Development (ICPD)/Cairo Programme of Action and the MDGs. (5) On 17 October 2006, Dr. Obaid spoke at the 5th International Dialogue, again organized by DSW in collaboration with partners. (6) In January 2004, DSW published an article in "Chrismon", a widely

respected Protestant newspaper, highlighting UNFPA's campaign on obstetric fistula and presenting a statement of Dr. Obaid. (7) From 8-13 May 2006, DSW collaborated with UNFPA and others to organise a study tour for 12 European MPs to provide insight into how sexual and reproductive health (SRH) fits in with Ethiopia's plans to attain the MDGs. Each year 2003-2006, DSW "launched" the German edition of UNFPA's State of the World Population Report (SWOP). This event is important for UNFPA visibility among German media, government policymakers, MPs and the general public. In each successive year, the SWOP launch had greater success than before, culminating in 2006 with more than 50 journalists attending the press conference, featuring German government and UNFPA representation. All major nationwide newspapers covered the SWOP, some devoting a full page to it. The 2006 report's key issues were highlighted in 224 articles in print media, 177 online articles, 38 news agencies articles, 2 video text articles, and 8 TV news features, including Germany's main prime time news. In addition, in 2005, DSW and UNFPA presented the revised 2004 *UN World Population Prospects*, which was covered by all German news agencies and leading daily newspapers, plus several radio broadcasts.

Other. (1) In 2006, DSW helped UNAIDS improve its Resource Flows Project by promoting harmonization of global data collection on resource flows affecting HIV/AIDS. (2) In October-December 2003, DSW and *Medica Mondiale* (an emergency relief organization) issued an "Aide Mémoire" on the human rights dimension of Sexual and Reproductive Health (SRH) to the German Foreign Office, to increase German government support for the Special Rapporteur on the Right to Health in defense against attacks led by the US and Pakistani government at the United Nations Commission on Human Rights in Geneva. (3) In 2003-2006, DSW implemented a knowledge management and Community of Practice strategy for the EU/UNFPA Reproductive Health (RH) Initiative for Youth in Asia. (4) In May 2004, in co-operation with partners, DSW organized a conference on the human rights dimension of SRH, which featured a UN High Commissioner for Human Rights presentation of a report regarding the right to health. (5) In December 2005, DSW in Ethiopia hosted UNICEF training on HIV/AIDS prevention. (6) In March 2003, the Ministry of Health Uganda, UNFPA and DSW agreed to jointly undertake trainings for health providers. (7) Supporting UNFPA Goodwill Ambassador Alfred Biolek's promotion of UNFPA. Several times in 2003-2006, DSW supported the work of German celebrity and goodwill ambassador Dr. Alfred Biolek, who, through a broadcast on 10 June 2006 reached a total 7-8 million people (approximately 10% of the total German population) with messages supporting UNFPA. In addition, in February 2005, DSW presented, with UNFPA, the 2004 Revision of the *UN World Population Prospects*, which was covered by all German news agencies and leading daily newspapers, plus several radio broadcasts. As a result of DSW advocacy actions, including these, the German government has repeatedly increased its contribution to UNFPA in 2003-2006. The German government pledged at the UN General Assembly Commemorative Meeting on October 14, 2004, to fill the gap in RH supplies through an increased contribution of $15 million to UNFPA. Again in 2006, the German government decided to increase its contribution to UNFPA by another €1 million for 2007.

iii) Initiatives undertaken by the organization in support of internationally agreed development goals, in particular, the Millennium Development Goals, which now form the basis of the global agenda for the 21st century. DSW participates in far too many activities in support of the MDGs to detail them all here. In 2003-2004 alone, DSW activities reached more than 6.7 million young people age 10-24 in developing countries to help improve their personal SRH, thus contributing directly to MDG #5

(Improve maternal health), MDG #6 (Combat HIV/AIDS, malaria and other poverty diseases), MDG #4 (Reduce child mortality) and MDG #3 (Promote gender equality and empower women), while also contributing indirectly to the other MDGs. DSW's awareness raising and advocacy activities contribute most directly to MDG #8 (Develop a global partnership for development), as we consistently advocate for more, and more effective, development assistance from donor countries in Europe. iv) Activities in Support of Global Principles. DSW participates in far too many activities in support of global principles to list them all here. Most important of these are international commitments to human and social development, especially the ICPD Programme of Action, the Beijing Conference on Womens' Rights, and the International Convention on the Rights of the Child. One example: on the occasion of the United Nations General Assembly, 13 October 2004, New York, DSW and other organizations delivered more than 30,000 signatures from Europe and the United States to commemorate the 10th anniversary of ICPD. Since 1999, DSW has held special consultative status with Economic Social Council. This status has helped advance our aim of helping people avoid unwanted pregnancies, protect themselves from HIV/AIDS and free themselves from poverty. We hope this report demonstrates our qualifications for continued Economic and Social Council special consultative status, and look forward to continuing to support the United Nations and its aims.

3. National Council of Women of the United States

(Special; 1999)

Part I. Introduction

1. The National Council of Women of the United States, Inc. (NCW/US) is a coalition of organizations and individuals dedicated to addressing the diverse concerns of women in pursuit of social, economic and political equality. NCW/US works for the education, participation and advancement of women to make equality for women a national obligation. The National Council of Women of the United States serves as a forum to promote progressive ideas, influence policy decisions and to be a united voice for women's issues. The national Council of Women of the United States is the oldest non-sectarian women's voluntary organization in the United States of America.

Part II. Contribution of the organization to the work of the United Nations

i) Participation in Major Conference

Representatives attended the following Department of Public Information /Non-governmental Organizations (DPI/NGO) Conference at the United Nations in New York, the United States: 6-8 September 2006, "Unfinished Business: effective Partnerships for Human Security and Sustainable Development", 7-9 September 2005, "Our Challenge: Voices for Peace, Partnerships and Renewal", 8-10 September 2003, "Human Security and Dignity: Fulfilling the Promise of the United Nations. Committee on the Status of Women Sessions Side Events were sponsored and/or co-sponsored: 27 February 2006 NCW/US sponsored a Health/Environment Forum Entitled "Are Neighborhood Chemicals Blurring the Gender in our Children?" the United Nations Church Center, New York, the United States. Panelists were Obstetrician/Gynecologist (OB/GYN) Physicians and Professional Environmentalists. NCW/US co-sponsored the following Side Events: 1 March 2005 – "Violence Against Women: War Crimes and the International Criminal Court", held in the United

Nations Church Center, New York, the United States Sponsored by the International Federation of Women Lawyers.

2 March 2005 NCW/US - "Effects of Racism on the Advancement of Women" held in the United Nations Church Center, New York, the United States Sponsored by Mary Knoll Sisters of St. Dominic.

2 March 2005 NCW/US - "Poverty Eradication, a Women's Human Rights Approach" held in the United Nations Dag Hammarskjold Auditorium, New York, the United States Sponsored by The International Council of Women.

6 March 2006 NCW/US - "Promoting Gender Equality for Women: Health. Education and Human Rights" held in the United Nations Church Center, New York, the United States Sponsored by National Association of Negro Business and Professional Clubs, Inc.

ii) Cooperation with United Nations bodies and/ or specialized agencies in the field or Headquarters.

21 April 2006 The National Council of Women of the United States and the United Nations Development Programme Community Water Initiative in Ghana sponsored a special event in honor of the support provided by the Prem Rawat Foundation. The Prem Rawat Foundation gave a grant to both organizations to support Water Initiative Programs in Gnana and to help achieve the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs). The event was held in the United Nations Conference Room 2, New York, the United States.

iii) Initiatives undertaken by the organization in support of internationally agreed Development Goals, in particular the Millennium Development Goals.

In support of the MDGs the State International Forum Series was established to sponsor Special State Sessions to promote the awareness of the MDGs, in the communities, and to encourage state and local authority to unite with civil society groups to address these problems.

20 January 2006 the program was launched in Legislative Office Building, Hartford Connecticut, the United States. A Proclamation was presented to the National Council of Women of the United States.

1. Millennium Development Goals

The organization contributed to Millennium Development Goals in Africa, Eastern Europe, South America and the United States

Goal 1. Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger

Target 2: Halve the proportion of people who suffer from hunger

Actions:

- Children fed and given nutritional supplements = 17,200
- Women were taught how to plan and harvest variety of vegetables in Ghana = 50
- Bags of Rice and Food Baskets distributed = 3,000 lb of rice – 2,000 food Baskets to HIV/AIDS patients and families

Goal 2. Achieve universal primary education

Target: Ensure that children everywhere, boys and girls alike will be able to complete a full course of primary schooling.

Actions:

- School bags with school supplies distributed = 1,257
- School fees and uniforms provided for children in need = 3,500
- Books for libraries, primary to secondary = 1,505

Goal 5: Improve maternal health

Target: Reduce by three quarters the maternal mortality ratio.
Action: Improve the building structure of an existing health facility in a rural village in Ghana and added a maternity room. In collaboration with the Health Department a full time Midwife is stationed at the Health Center, Birth and prenatal care = 1,000

Goal 7. Ensure environmental sustainability

Target 2. Reduce by half the proportion of people without sustainable access to safe drinking water
Action: During 2003-2006 Electric Metered or Hand Pump Water Well were funded, constructed and working well in very rural villages in Ghana = 40.

2. Activities in support of Global Principles

13 October 2003 A tribute to Global Ministry: "Addressing the Challenges: Human Dignity and Poverty": Awards were present to 14 Honorees from the Missionary Community. The Chief of the NGO Section, United Nations Department of Information, was the keynote speaker at the Awards Luncheon held in the Delegates Dining Room, United Nations, New York, the United States, in Partnership with the National Association of Negro Business and Professional Women's Clubs, Inc. 2003-2004 Through funding of Health Plan of New York (HIP) the National Council of Women/ United States was given the opportunity and challenge to address an aspect of poverty in New York, the United States with homeless women. In cooperation with the Grand Central Neighborhood Social Service Corp the program "The Empowerment of Homeless Women and Cultural Exchange was established.

Program Goal: To encourage and empower homeless women to reclaim their self-esteem, self worth and dignity in preparation of entering or re-entering employment in the development of a productive livelihood.

21 January 2005 The National Council of women recognized seven corporations for making a difference in the workplace life of women.

Goal: Diversity: to emphasize the positive aspects in our society and to recognize efforts to create Racial, Spiritual and Ethical Harmony.

Theme: "Challenge of a Changing World: Racial, Spiritual and Ethical Harmony". Honorees: CitiGroup Inc., Colgate-Palmolive Co., and Lucent Technologies, Scholastic, I Time Warner, Central Brooklyn Family Health Network and Health Plan of New York; Held at the Millennium Hotel, United Nations Plaza, New York, the United States.

16 May 2006 the National Council of Women of the United States, the United States Department of Labor, Women's Bureau Reg. II and Public Service Electric and Gas, Community Affairs Division sponsored a Roundtable and Dialogue Seminar, design for the empowerment of the woman business owners. Theme: "New Trends – New Challenges". Meeting was held in the Public Service Enterprise Group (PSEG) Building, Park Place, Newark, New Jersey, the United States.

4. Perhaps Kids Meeting Kids Can Make a Difference

(Special; 1995)

PART I Introduction

Perhaps Kids Meeting Kids Can Make a Difference (KMK) brings children and youth, ages 5 to 24, together from all backgrounds and nations in an effort to create a world that is peaceful and just. Their work together makes it possible for kids from many countries to know that they, too, can participate, take action for positive change and make a difference in the world in which they live. Children and youth run the organization. Decisions are reached by consensus and made by young people working in cooperation with a few supportive adults. Actions taken are the actions of young people.

PART II Contribution of the organization to the work of the United Nations

i) Participation in the work of the Economic and Social Council and its subsidiary bodies and/or major conferences and other United Nations Meetings.

2004: The 57th Annual Department of Public Information (DPI)/NGO Conference 8-10 September 2004, New York. KMK attended the sessions on the Millennium Development Goals Civil Society Takes Action.

2005: Representatives attended and participated in the following meetings in New York, all related to children's rights: The 58th Annual DPI/NGO Conference 7-9 September.

The 49th Session of the Commission on the Status of Women (CSW) (Beijing +10) 28 February – 11 March 17 2005, New York. KMK attended and lobbied for more girls to participate in the

conference for the status of women. KMK also co-sponsored a side event "Speak Out Panel" with the Working Group on Girls. Young girls from KMK were on the panel.

Briefing on United Nations Study of Violence against Children 17 November 2005, New York. KMK attended and participated in side panels.

2006: Representatives attended and participated in the following meetings in New York, all related to children's rights: 34th Session of the Convention on the Elimination of all forms of Discrimination Against Women 16 January-3 February, 50th Session of the CSW 27 February-10 March.

Reports of children participation have been shared with the United Nations Commission on Human Rights in at the 61st 62nd Sessions in Geneva, Switzerland, 14 March-22 April 2005 and 13-27 March 2006.

ii) Cooperation with United Nations bodies and/or specialized agencies in the field and/or headquarters.

KMK monitors closely and shares information through the International Children's Rights Network on the United Nations Committee on the Rights of the Child. From 2003 to 2006 KMK has been a contributing member of both the UNICEF (United Nations Children's Fund) and United Nations NGO Working Groups on Children in Armed Conflict, Children's Rights, Drug Abuse, Education, and The Girl Child.

The organization helped design, and collect the data for the United Nations Study on Violence Against Children. KMK worked alongside with other NGO's to distribute and administer the survey among KMK's constituency and other children in New York, August - December 2004.

iii) Initiatives undertaken by the organization in support of internationally agreed development goals, in particular, the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs).

The organization contributed to the Millennium Development Goals by continuously raising awareness about the needs of children and the support that can be given them through the United Nations.

During the reporting period, KMK has continue to organize and operate an International Children's Rights Network for youth organizations and young people, and it has also distributed information world wide on the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child. It has worked continuously through every year from 2003 to 2006 to inform young people of their rights and to urge grown up leaders to both ratify and enforce the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child.

KMK has maintained an international children's pen pal and computer network (kidsmeetingkids.org) since 1995, which enables users to share information on children's rights and helps children and youth find ways to work together peacefully to help one another.

2003-2006 Annually the organization has held an International Children's Congress. Children and young people are invited to attend from each of the Missions of the United Nations to speak together about issues of peace, and non-violence, and to find ways to raise assistance for the children of the world and awareness and support for the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child. Each year, the Congress was held in New York at the Church Center for the United Nations in the month of April.

5. World Federation of Democratic Youth

(General; 1947)

PART I i) Introduction

The World Federation of Democratic Youth (WFDY) was founded on 10th of November, 1945 in London, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. WFDY consists of youth organizations in different countries and of diverse political tendencies, religious beliefs and forms of activity which, on the basis of equality and mutual respect for their autonomy, wish to coordinate their efforts for the best satisfaction of the interest of youth and to make their contribution to the common ideas of freedom, independence, democracy, friendship, international solidarity and world peace.

WFDY has more than 180 member organizations from more than 100 countries all over the world. WFDY continues to expand its scope involving as well many youth organizations out of its membership at national, regional and international levels. WFDY has 5 regions (Africa; Asia & the Pacific; Europe & North America, Latin America & the Caribbean; Middle East) that compose harmoniously the network of cooperation with the Headquarters in Budapest, Hungary.
As an International Youth Non-Governmental Organization (NGO), WFDY has always considered maintaining closer contacts with the United Nations System, particularly the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), the Economic and Social Council, and the International Labour Organization (ILO) as a top priority, more so in programs related to youth. In all our activities organized and held, we included as point on the agenda for discussion WFDY's need to participate and improve our co-operation with UNESCO and the United Nations system.

During the period 2003-2006, WFDY was deeply involved in 16th World Festival of Youth and Students, successfully held in Caracas, Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, from 7 to 15 August 2005, under the slogan "For Peace and Solidarity, We Struggle against Imperialism and War!", playing a determinant and fundamental role for an event that was the largest and the most significant political, cultural, broad-based mass initiative organized by world progressive and democratic youth and student forces. This edition of the World Festival of Youth and Students welcomed more than 17.000 delegates of local, national, regional and international organizations from 144 countries, representing millions of young people and students from all over the world. Prior to this WFDY also held its 16th Assembly, 4-7 March 2003 in Havana, Cuba.

PART II – Contribution of the organization to the work of the United Nations

PART II i) – Participation in the work of the Economic and Social Council and its subsidiary bodies and/or major conferences and other United Nations Meetings

- The International Conference of NGO's that maintain operational relations with UNESCO took place in the UNESCO Headquarters, in Paris, France, 17-19 December 2003, being attended by a Vice-President of WFDY. The WFDY's representative intervened and presented its resolutions in many points of the agenda in different sessions especially on the issues of human rights, education for all, and culture of peace.

- In the 60th Session of the United Nations Commission on Human Rights (UNCHR), in Geneva, Switzerland, 15 March-23 April 2004, WFDY was represented by its Secretary-General.

- The 61st Session of the United Nations Commission on Human Rights (UNCHR), in Geneva, Switzerland, 14 March-22 April 2005, was attended by the Secretary-General of WFDY.

- 4th UNESCO Youth Forum, which took place in the UNESCO Headquarters in Paris, France, from 30 September-2 October 2005, under the title "Young people and the Dialogue among Civilizations, Cultures and Peoples – Ideas for action in education, the sciences, culture and communication". This event, organized in the framework of the 33rd Session of the UNESCO General Conference had the main aim to produce a report for it on the youth related issues. Within its operational relation with UNESCO, WFDY participated in this event as observer, presenting its points of views and contributions on different fields. It was also a good opportunity to meet and exchange experiences with some International Youth NGOs and other young people, taking into account the participation of 229 representatives from 128 countries (184 delegates) and 45 observers.

- The International Conference of NGOs that maintain official relations with UNESCO, held in the UNESCO Headquarters from 14-16 December 2005, in Paris, France, was attended by a Vice-President of WFDY.

PART II ii) – Cooperation with United Nations bodies and/or specialized agencies in the field and/or at Headquarters

The organization of the WFDY's Historical Files in the framework of the UNESCO Participation Program 2004 – 2005 was a priority developed with remarkable success. WFDY worked with an expert in its Headquarters enabling to recover, store, preserve and organize, namely through a digital database, many different materials that confirm the richness of the patrimony of the WFDY's Historical Files, which constitutes an important part of the history of the second half of the 20th Century, namely for the youth and student's movement. As a result of this work WFDY managed to print in 2006 for the first time in fifteen years its historical magazine "World Youth".